

Demonstrating Collective Impact

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The Aspen Institute

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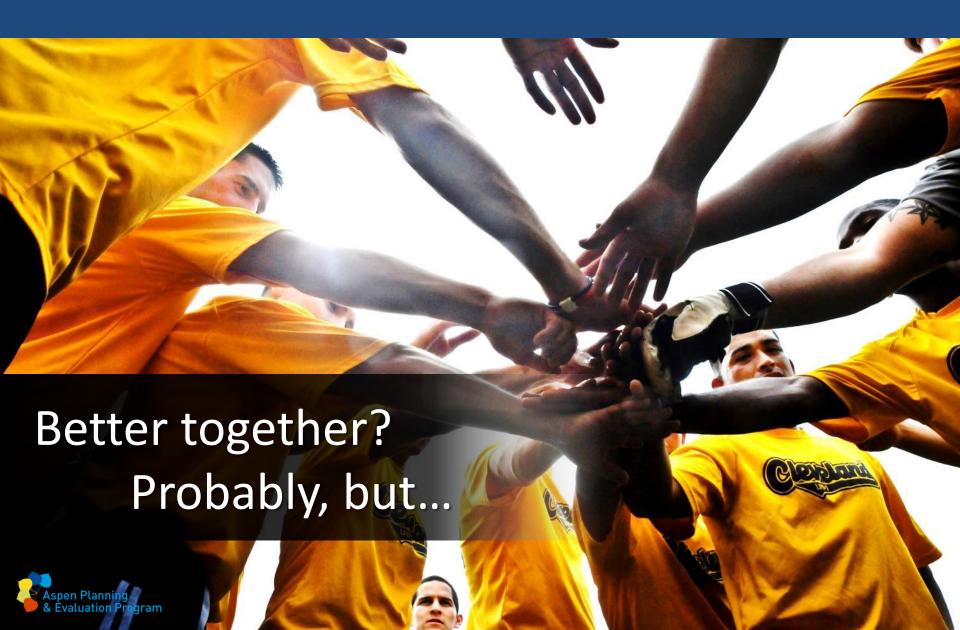
Session Objectives

Participants learn how to create collective advocacy evaluation frameworks for a network or coalition.

Participants understand why and how to assess coalition or network strengths.



GNB National Partnerships



VISION:

A world without child marriage where girls and women enjoy equal status with boys and men and are able to achieve their full potential in all aspects of their lives.



www.GirlsNotBrides.org

- **☆** IMPACT

Girls can decide if, when, and whom to marry

Married girls lead healthy, empowered lives



RESULTS



Girls at risk of child marriage benefit from improved educational and economic opportunities as alternatives to child marriage

Girls are better able to avoid early pregnancy and to refuse unwanted sex Married girls are better protected from violence, exploitation or abuse Married girls increasingly access and use services and supports of all kinds Married tr girls an increasingly le access divorce, so annulment m and child re custody ri

Community, traditional and religious leaders take greater action to end child marriage and realize the rights of girls

Community, traditional and religious leaders increasingly support alternative roles for girls beyond marriage

Men and boys increasingly take action to end child marriage Families Serv provengage greatess in to preexchange of dowry and bride the reprice mark

Service providers take greater action to prevent child marriage and support the needs of married girls

Law enforcement officials increase implementation and enforcement of legal frameworks to prevent child marriage and protect married girls

t Law
enforcement
officials
t of increase use of
civil registration
systems for
birth and
marriage

GIRLS

- Girls are increasingly aware of their rights
- Girls have the opportunity to develop solidarity with one another through peer groups and collective action
- Alternative economic, social roles for surls and women exist and are valued
- Increased access of married and unmarried girls to health, education, economic, and legal support

FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES

- Families, communities and young people are increasingly aware of the harmful impact of child marriage and alternatives available
- Families, communities and young people value alternative options to child marriage
- Families and communities prefer not to marry girls
 sechildren
- · Men prefer not to marry girls who are still children
- Increased use of media to inform and support norm change to end child marriage

SERVICES

- Increased access to safe, quality formal and non-formal education for girls
- Increased access to health services for adolescent girls, married and unmarried
- Health and education services establish protocols on identifying the warning signs and addressing the risks of child marriage
- Improved economic security for girls
 Increased commitment of
- Increased commitment of programmes to prevent and mitigate risk of child marriage

LAWS AND POLICIES

- National laws reflect international and regional human rights standards
- Robust legal framework against child marriage in place that sets 18 as the minimum legal age for marriage and protects girls' and women's rights
- Governments develop supportive policy frameworks with adequate resourcing across Ministries to increase educational, economic and social opportunities for girls at risk of child marriage and married girls
- · Strengthened civil registration systems for birth and marriage
- Increased accountability and monitoring of national / regional / community institutions

STRATEGIES

OUTCOMES

EMPOWER GIRLS

A wide range of programmes invest in girls, their participation and their well-being

MOBILISE FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES

Families, communities and young people are engaged to change attitudes and behaviours related to child marriage

PROVIDE SERVICES

Services across sectors reinforce one another and are tailored to the specific needs of girls at risk of child marriage and married girls

ESTABLISH AND IMPLEMENT LAWS & POLICIES

A robust legal and policy framework for preventing child marriage and supporting married girls is in place and effectively enforced

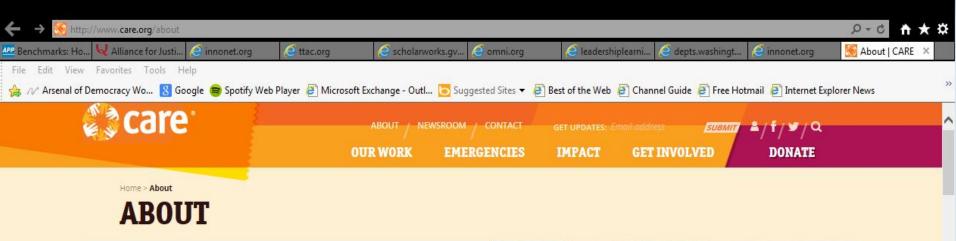
CATALYSING STRATEGY



Ending child marriage will require long-term, sustainable efforts. Change will ultimately take place within communities, but has to be supported and catalysed by collective efforts at national, regional and international levels. Adequate resources must be made available to support effective implementation of strategies. All those working to address child marriage should evaluate programmes, share promising practices, and coordinate their efforts to achieve maximum scale and impact. Recognising that child marriage does not take place in a vacuum, efforts to end child marriage should not be isolated from broader development efforts and should play an integral part in achieving development goals around the world.

PROBLEM:

Every year approximately 14 million girls are married as children across countries, cultures, religions and ethnicities. Child marriage is rooted in gender inequality and in the low value accorded to girls, and is exacerbated by poverty, insecurity and conflict. It denies girls their rights, choice and participation, and undermines numerous development priorities, hindering progress towards a more equal, healthy and prosperous world.



Our Mission

To serve individuals and families in the poorest communities in the world.



PLEASED TO MEET YOU

Get to know us better, from our board members to staff around the world.

WE LOVE OUR PARTNERS

We work with corporations, institutions and other agencies to more efficiently

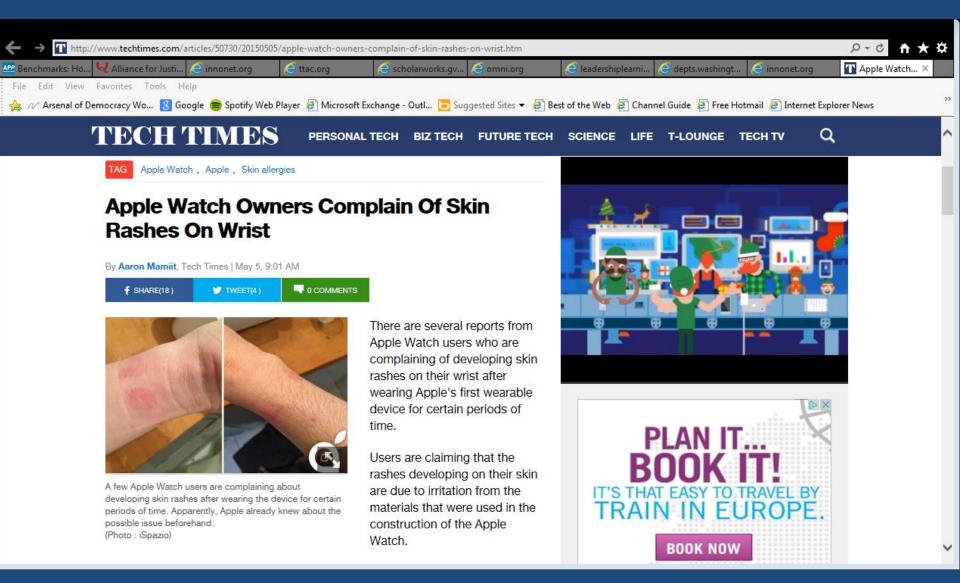


What are
Apple's
strengths?
(hint: it's not shoes)



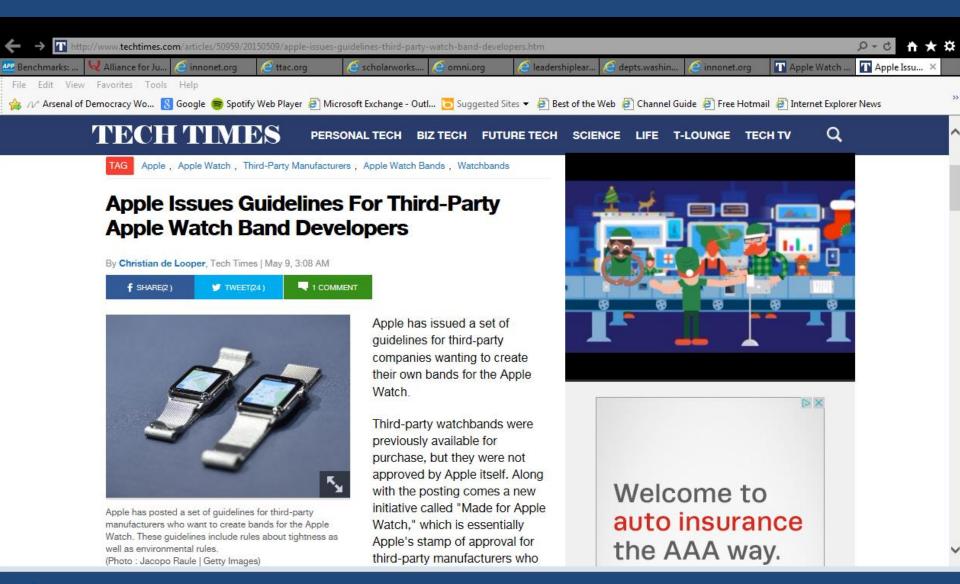


Feedback: there's a problem





Apple responds... within days















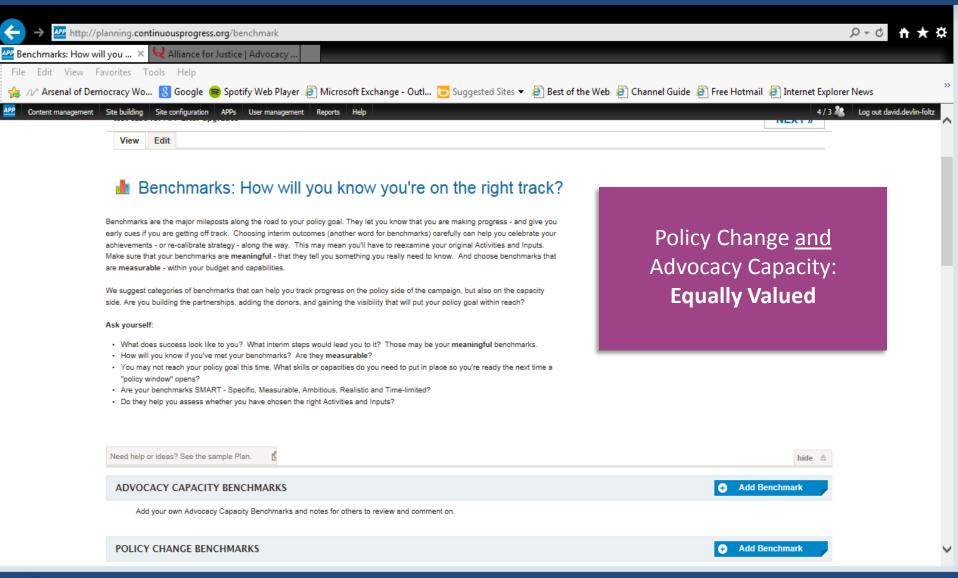
Advocacy evaluation skills and capacities

Coalition evaluation skills and capacities





From the Advocacy Progress Planner









Advocacy Capacity Tool

for organizational assessment

Please note:

- Once you start the survey, you have only seven days to complete it. After that time your information will be erased and you will have to start over.
- . Key terms throughout the survey are linked to the terminology page on the Alliance for Justice website.
- To access a number of resources on building your organization's advocacy capacity, please see Bolder Advocacy's resource list here.

Introductory questions: About Your Organization

The questions below ask for basic information about your group or organization. Your responses will allow us to learn about the capacities of nonprofits across the country.

Please enter the name of your organization or group (this information will not be shared in the public results):

Please enter your title at your organization or group (this information will not be share

Available at:

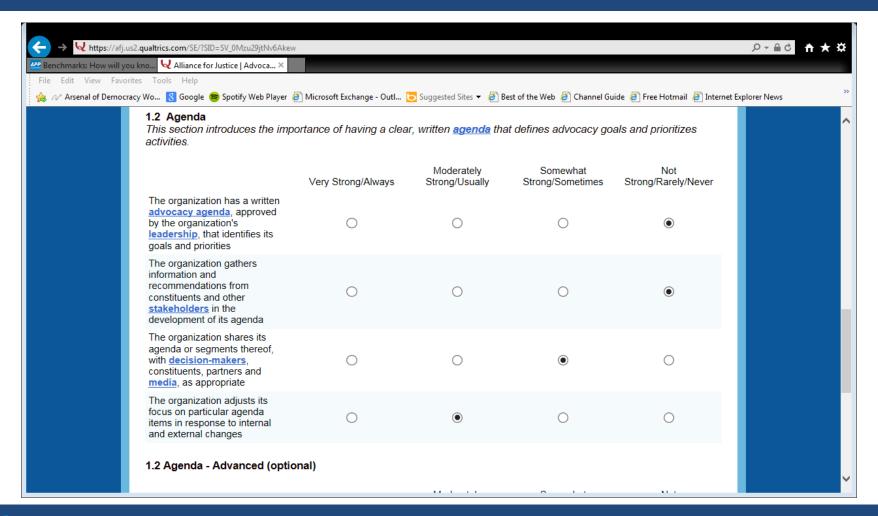
http://bolderadvocacy.org/toolsfor-effectiveadvocacy/evaluatingadvocacy/advocacy-capacity-tool

Next>>





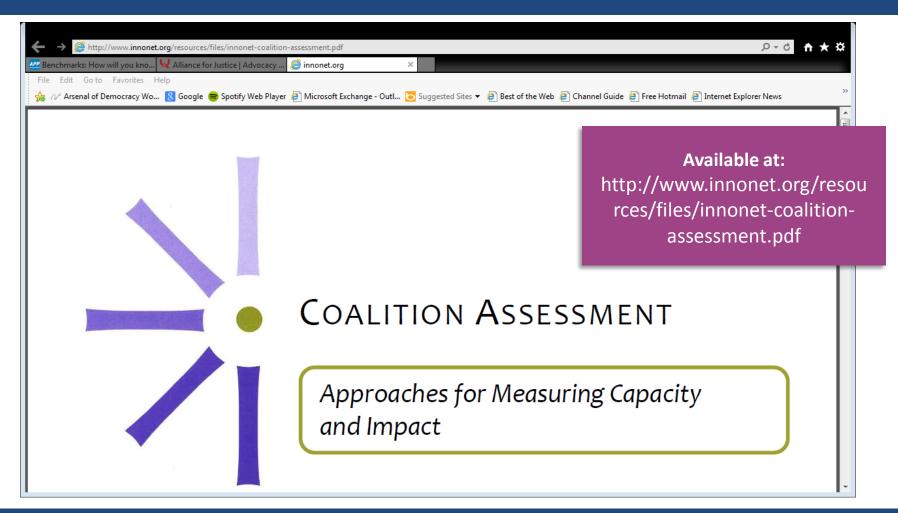
Advocacy capacities: Developing a clear advocacy agenda







Assessing coalitions







Checklist from GNB: Think about strategy and capacity

From: An Introduction to Girls Not Brides and National Partnerships to End Child Marriage (PowerPoint Slide deck, n.d.)



Before setting up a national partnership, it is important to think about what the added value of the partnership would be and what kind of partnership you want to create.

Consider these questions:

- What can we achieve together that we can't achieve alone?
- What are the shared incentives and benefits for organisations to participate?
- Do they outweigh the time and effort required to establish and maintain a national partnership?
- Who has the capacity and resources to support the coordination of the partnership? Are they ready to commit staff time and resources to get the partnership off the ground?
- Are we working towards specific time-bound advocacy goals? Or facilitating lessons learned or capacity building about programmes and policy initiatives? Or increasing social mobilisation on a wide scale?

- ✓ Specific
- ✓ Measurable
- ✓ Attainable
- ✓ Realistic
- ✓ Time-bound

Why make objectives **SMART**

Who will do What and When

Used by permission from Purnima Chawla, Center for Nonprofit Strategies

Even Smarter Objectives: Meaningful, Measurable and Manageable

- Do they tell you something you need to know?
 - Can you get the data?
 - Can you manage the process of gathering data?

Selected Data collection methods for coalition policy impact assessment [part 1]

1. Surveys of target audience — mailed, electronic, in-person, phone

2. Interviews of target audience – in-person, phone, focus group

- 3. Bellwether interviews of key policymakers
- 4. Content Analysis of Messaging comparing campaign materials and policymaker statements or media coverage



Selected Data collection methods for coalition policy impact assessment

[Part 2]

- 5. Social and digital media: look at reach and engagement using Twitter analytics, Facebook Insights, etc. Possible content analysis as well.
- 6. Photographs/videos visual images and stories
- 7. Meeting or Event reports Which key decision-makers were present? What did they promise to do? What next steps for the campaign?
- --Adapted from F. Butterfoss, InnoNet, et al





National Partnerships

Moving from Broad Goals to SMART Objectives

We would like the UK Government to go further in its efforts to prioritise child marriage as a development issue. Our primary objective is to ensure that DFID mainstreams child marriage across relevant programmes – so for example, education programmes; SRE programmes; maternal health programming etc. [GNB-UK]

For 2015, the National Coalition to End Child Marriage (GNB in Mozambique) is focus to influence the Government to approve the National Strategy to Prevention and Elimination Child Marriage. This process began two years ago when our Coalition has put strong pressure on the Government to take its responsibility and lead this process. At the moment, the Ministry of Gender, Child and Social Action already have the final draft of this Strategy and we expect that will be approved by the Government within few months. [GNB-Mozambique]



Develop one or two potential SMART objectives that could help assess progress towards one of these big 2015 policy objectives.

Suggest one or two data gathering/analysis approaches that could help the partnership evaluate progress towards your SMART objectives

What are the 3-5 most important things or qualities that coalitions need to be successful?

How can you measure whether you have enough of those things or qualities?



SelectedData collection methods for coalition-capacity assessment

- 1. Surveys mailed, electronic, in-person, phone
- 2. Interviews in-person, phone, focus group
- 3. Group Assessment forum, Delphi technique, Nominal Group Process
- **4. Observation –** use trained interviewers
- 5. Case Study multiple data sources & methods
- **6. Formal Review –** by peers, panel, experts, review committee



Selected Data collection methods for coalition-capacity assessment

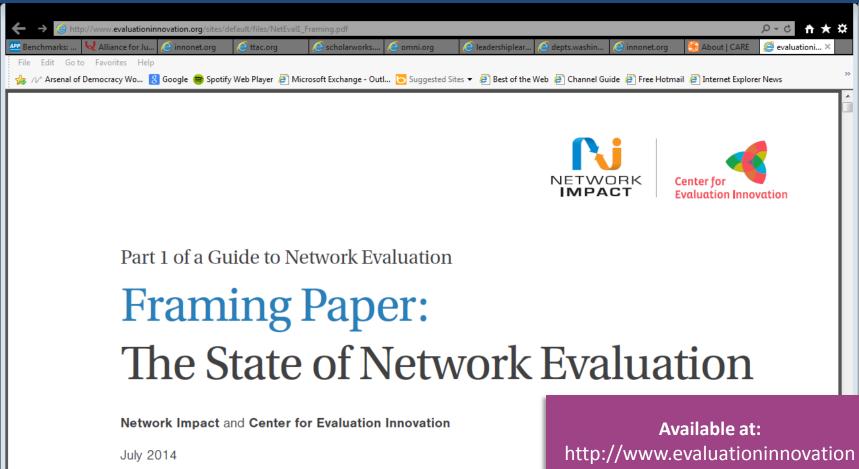
- 7. Portfolio Review work samples to rate quality & scope
- 8. Document Review content analysis to assess & summarize
- 9. Testimonials responses/reactions by key participants
- **10. Tests** standard measures of knowledge, skill, performance, physiology
- 11. Photographs/videos visual images & stories
- **12. Diaries/Journals/Logs –** chronological records; personal views







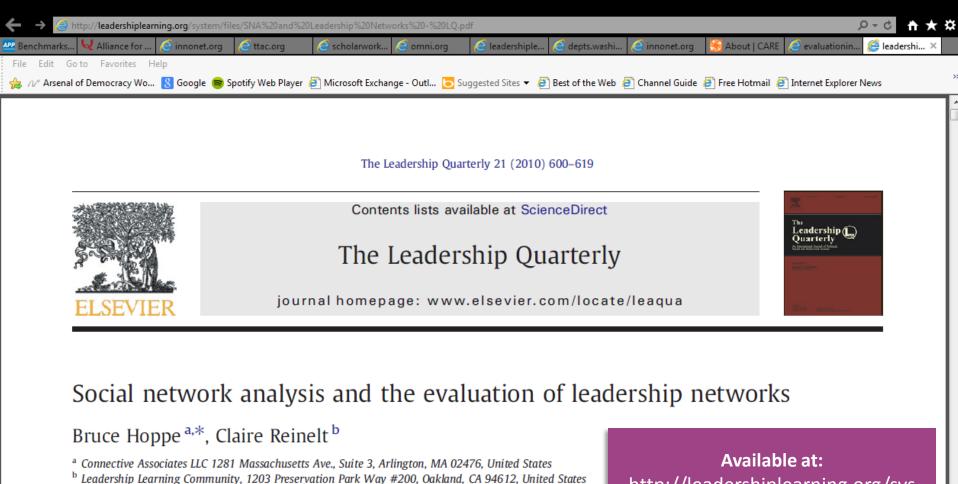
Social Network Analysis





http://www.evaluationinnovation .org/sites/default/files/NetEval1_ Framing.pdf

Using SNA to assess how well networks are networking



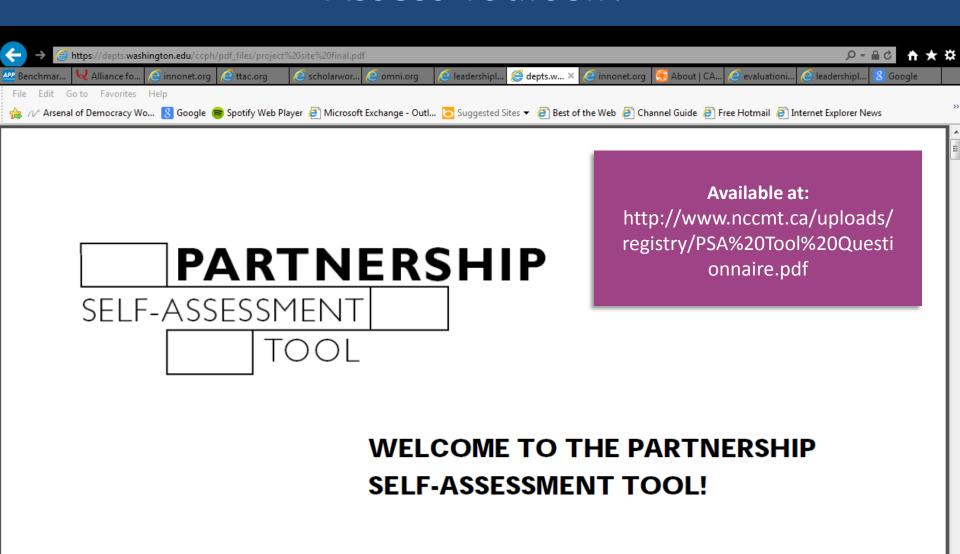
ARTICLE INFO

ABSTRACT

http://leadershiplearning.org/sys tem/files/SNA%20and%20Leader ship%20Networks%20-%20LQ.pdf



Assess Yourself!



This easy-to-use, reliable, web-based Tool gives partnerships an exciting new way to



Coalition work:
Keeping eyes on the prize

"Each member of the partnership has its individual agenda as [an] organization, and this sometimes brings constraints in the effort of coordination that must be accomplished, because the interests and expectations of everyone must be safeguarded. However, our experience of coordination has been able to manage and overcome these obstacles, putting the best interest of the girls above of all other interests."

From Mozambique national partnership; "participant input" report to GNB



Questions?

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